

## **Immunization: Protection Against Disease**

1. “Contagious” or “communicable” diseases can be spread from one person to another.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
2. Disease “carriers” do not show the symptoms or appear sick, but they can still spread the disease to other people.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
3. Immunizations contain either dead or weakened germs that cause specific disease. Therefore, the immunization can give a child the disease.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
4. Tetanus (or “lockjaw”) is caused by a bacteria found in soil and street dust. Without immunization, a child can get tetanus from even a minor cut.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
5. Pertussis (or “whooping cough”) is found worldwide and is highly contagious. It is spread through the air by coughing or sneezing.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
6. Mumps is usually a mild disease, but can cause meningitis or encephalitis.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
7. Hib (Haemophilus influenzae type b) is a dangerous disease for children under age five, and can cause meningitis, pneumonia, deafness, and mental retardation.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
8. Hepatitis B affects the liver. The vaccine can be given immediately after birth.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
9. A flu shot will protect you from getting the flu for three years.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
10. About 30 percent of measles cases result in complications, including ear infection, croup, pneumonia, and encephalitis.
  - a. True
  - b. False

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**ANSWER SHEET**

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## Training Evaluation

Why did you attend this training session?

List three things you learned during this training.

What did you enjoy most about the training?

What did you enjoy least about the training?

Because of what you learned during this training, what is one thing you will do to improve your ECCE program?

Please include any comments or ideas that you think would make this training more effective.

Are there any subjects that you would like to learn more about?

